

> Date GIRISHAR KUMAR Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat Sun
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* De-Broglie concept:- De Broglie speculate that the nature did not single light out as being the only matter which exhibits a wave-particle duality.

He also proposed that the ordinary 'particles' such as electron, protons or etc can exhibit wave in certain circumstances.

Quantatively He associated a wavelength ' λ ' to a particle of mass ' m ' moving at speed ' v '

$$\therefore \lambda = \frac{h}{mv}$$



~~Proof:-~~ By using Einstein equation

$$E = mc^2 \quad \text{--- (i)}$$

Now By Planck's constant

$$E = h\nu \quad \text{--- (ii)}$$

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From Equ (i) and (ii)

$$mc^2 = h\nu$$

Through the Equ (i), De-broglie substitute v/λ for ν and arrived at the final expression that relates wavelength λ particles with speed.

$$mv^2 = \frac{h\nu}{\lambda}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{h\nu}{mv^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\lambda = \frac{h}{mv}} \text{ Proved.}$$

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