

The Second law of thermodynamics states that the entropy of the universe increases in the course of a spontaneous change that is, $\Delta S_{univ} \geq 0$

~~Math~~
Mathematically,

$$\Delta S_{univ} = (\Delta S_{sys} + \Delta S_{surr}) \geq 0 \quad (\text{for a spontaneous change})$$

For a reversible process, i.e. it can proceed in either direction spontaneously, so this can happen only when there will be no change in the entropy of universe.

$$\Delta S_{univ} = (\Delta S_{sys} + \Delta S_{surr}) = 0 \quad (\text{for a reversible spontaneous change})$$

For an irreversible process, i.e., it can proceed only in the forward direction spontaneously. So this happens as the change in entropy is greater than zero.

$$\Delta S_{univ} = (\Delta S_{sys} + \Delta S_{surr}) > 0 \quad (\text{for an irreversible spontaneous change})$$

For an isolated system, as there is no interaction between the system and the surroundings, the system itself is considered as the universe. Hence $\Delta S_{sys} \geq 0$ i.e., for a spontaneous process in an isolated system, the entropy of a system always increases constant (increase of the universe).