

# **DAMPED AND FORCED OSCILLATIONS**

## **MIC Physics – Unit I / MIC II Physics – Unit I**

**Prepared by:**

Dr. Usha Kumari

Assistant Professor

Department of Physics

Maharaja College, Ara

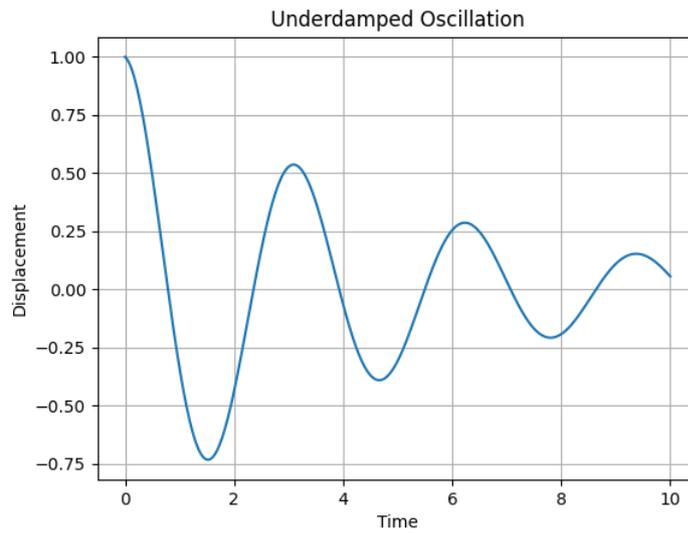
(V.K.S.U., Bihar)

## Damped Oscillations

Damped oscillations are oscillations in which the amplitude decreases with time due to resistive forces such as friction or viscosity. The differential equation is:

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + kx = 0$$

*Neat labeled diagram: Underdamped Oscillation*

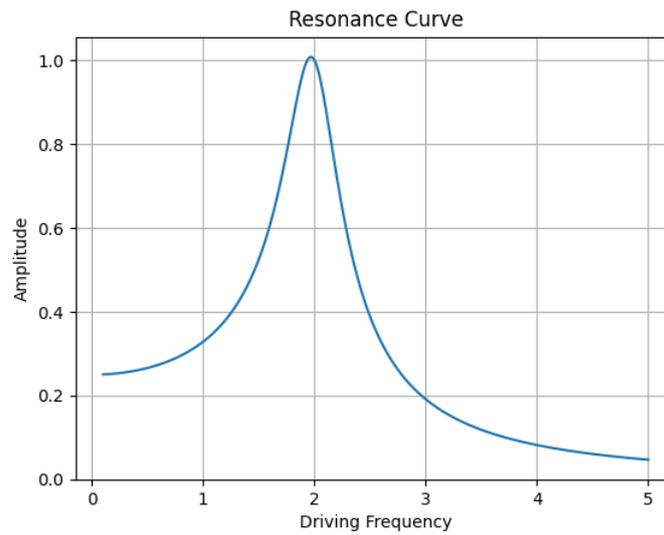


## Forced Oscillations

When an external periodic force acts on a system, the oscillations produced are called forced oscillations. The equation of motion is:

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx}{dt} + kx = F \sin(\omega t)$$

*Neat labeled diagram: Resonance Curve*



**Conclusion:** Damped and forced oscillations explain real physical systems where energy loss and external driving forces are present. Resonance plays a vital role in mechanical and electrical systems.