

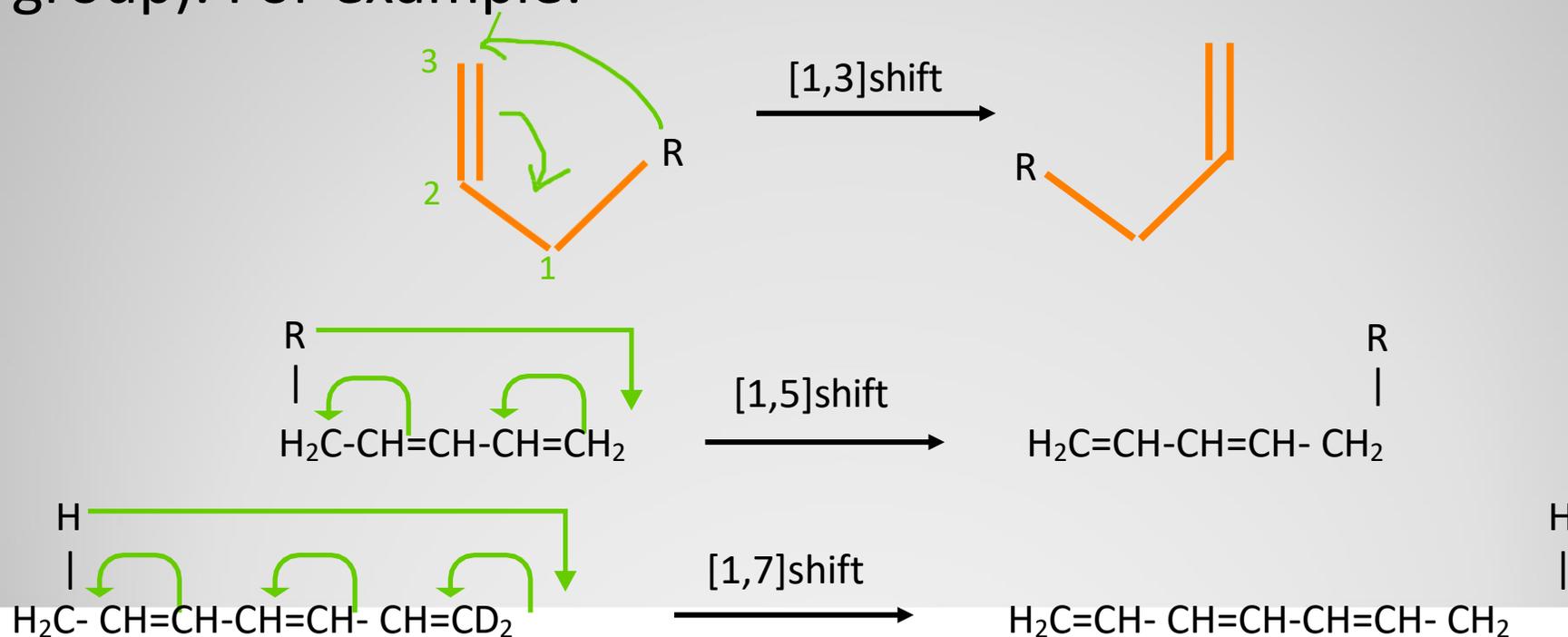
Sigmatropic Rearrangements

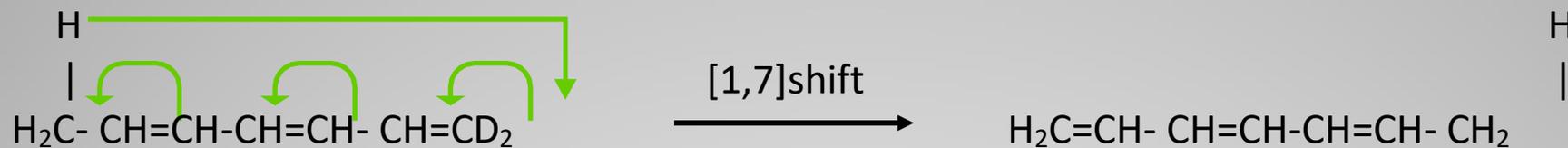
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An Overview

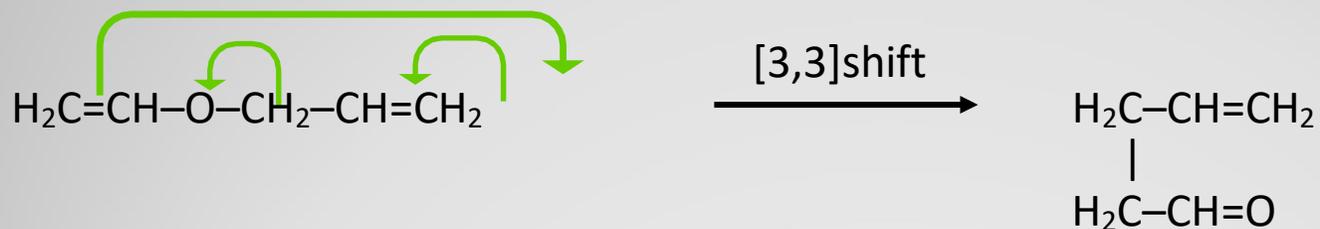
- The word Sigmatropicism made up of two words Sigma (for Sigma bond) and Tropos (Greek word meaning turn).
- Sigmatropic rearrangements are a class of Pericyclic reactions.
- Like any pericyclic reaction, it may be thermal or photochemical reaction and it involves concerted cyclic shift of electrons.
- It is an intramolecular reaction.
- In this rearrangement, a sigma bond shifts from one part of a pi-bonded system to another part with simultaneous rearrangement of the pi-system. The total number of sigma and pi bonds remain unchanged.

- The order of the Sigmatropic rearrangements is indicated by two numbers within a bracket [i,j]. The first number shows the original position of the migrating sigma bond (of atom or group) and the second number is for the new position of the migrating sigma bond (of atom or group). For example:



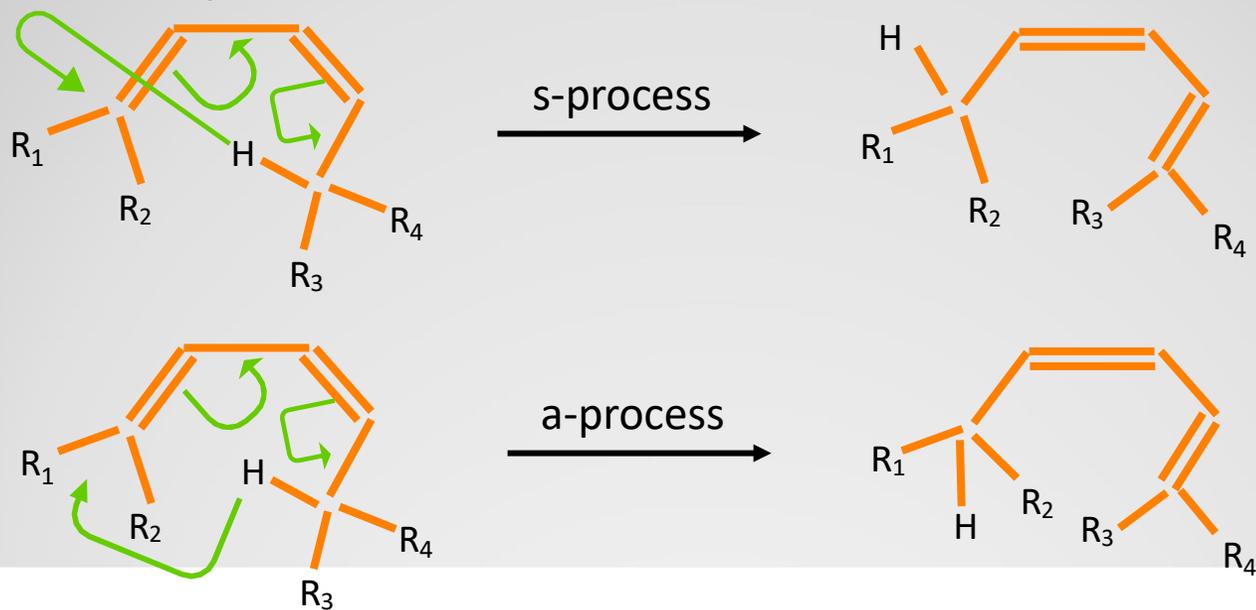


- Second, in which the migrating atom or group is bonded through different atoms in reactant and in product. For example:



Claisen–Cope Rearrangement

- The process of sigmatropic shifts may be 's' (suprafacial) or 'a' (antarafacial). In s-process the migrating sigma bond moves across the same face of conjugated system whereas in a-process the migrating sigma bond is reformed on the opposite pi-electron face of the conjugated system. Due to steric reasons, s-processes are more common than a-processes.



- Sigmatropic rearrangements are common for hydrogen atom shifts with examples of [1,2], [1,3],[1,4], [1,5],[1,6], [1,7] etc. In these reactions, if the total number of pi-electrons ($i+j$ in a $[i,j]$ shift) is $(4n+2)$, then s-process is allowed and if total number of pi-electrons is $4n$ then a-process is allowed.
- Stereochemistry of the products under thermal or photochemical condition can be explained using Woodward-Hoffmann rule:
 - For supra/supra or antarafacial/antarafacial $[i,j]$ sigmatropic shifts if $i+j = 4n+2$ they are thermally allowed
if $i+j=4n$ they are $h\nu$ (photochemically) allowed
 - For supra/antarafacial $[i,j]$ sigmatropic shifts if $i+j = 4n$ they are thermally allowed
if $i+j=4n+2$ they are $h\nu$ (photochemically) allowed

Examples of some reactions involving Sigmatropic shifts:

[1,2]shifts

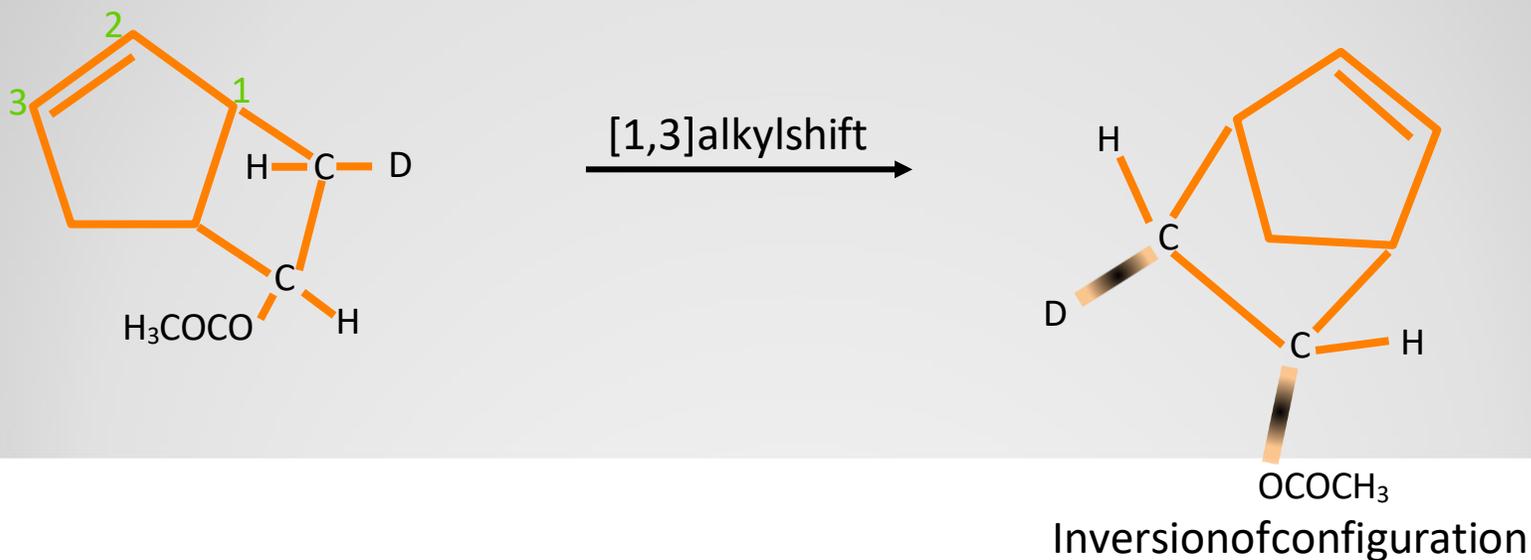
Wagner-Meerwein Rearrangement: Migration of a Carbon atom (of a group) from an origin having Carbon to a terminus containing Carbon atom.

Curtius, Beckmann & Lossen Rearrangement: Migration terminus has a Nitrogen atom but the migrating group and origin have groups containing carbon atom.

[1,3]shifts

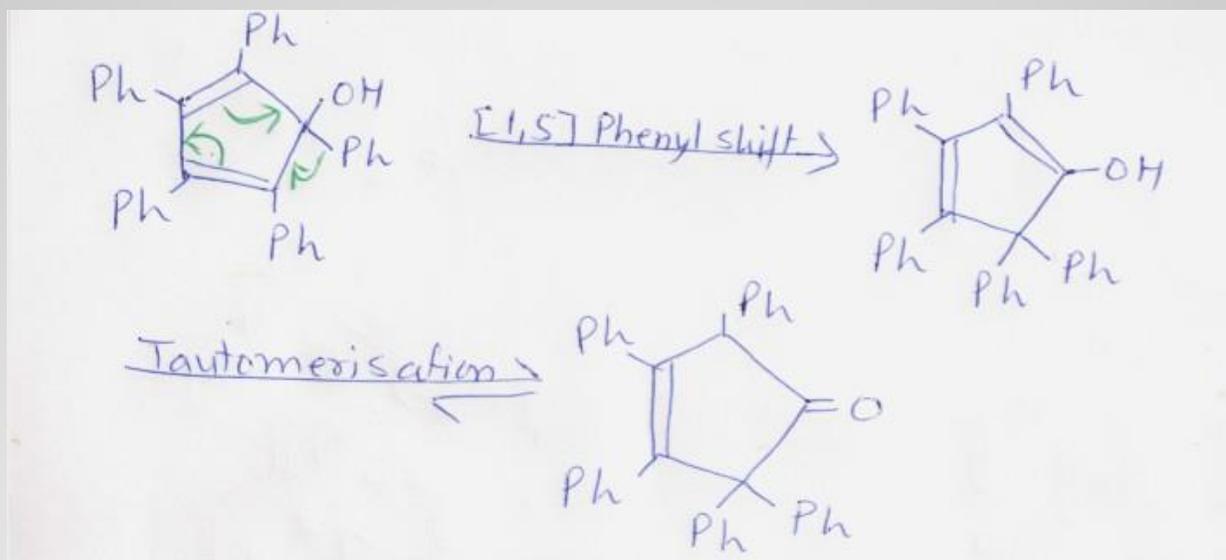
In symmetry allowed 1,3 shifts, the migrating group must shift by antarafacial process. This is not feasible with Hydrogen atom with 1s orbital (smallest orbital in size).

Suprafacial 1,3 shift of Carbon atom (of alkyl groups) occurs with inversion of configuration where Sigma bond takes up the role of antarafacial component.



[1,5]shifts

This is thermally allowed shift with retention of configuration by suprafacial mode of overlap. It is more common than [1,3] shifts. Reactions show migration of methyl and phenyl groups. For example:



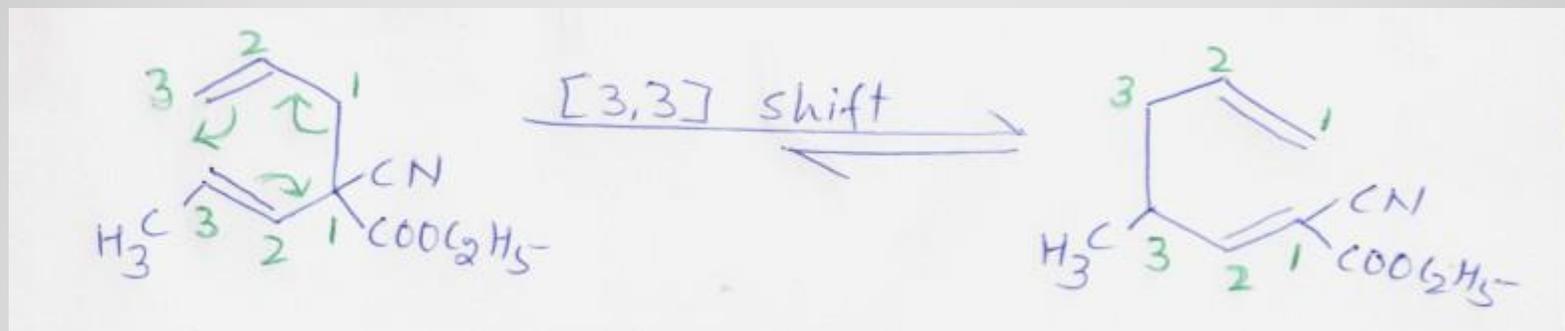
Walk Rearrangement is an example of [1,5] shift. In a bicyclic molecule, migration of divalent group such as O, S, -NR, -CR₂ which are a part of three membered ring occurs in this rearrangement.

[1,7]shifts

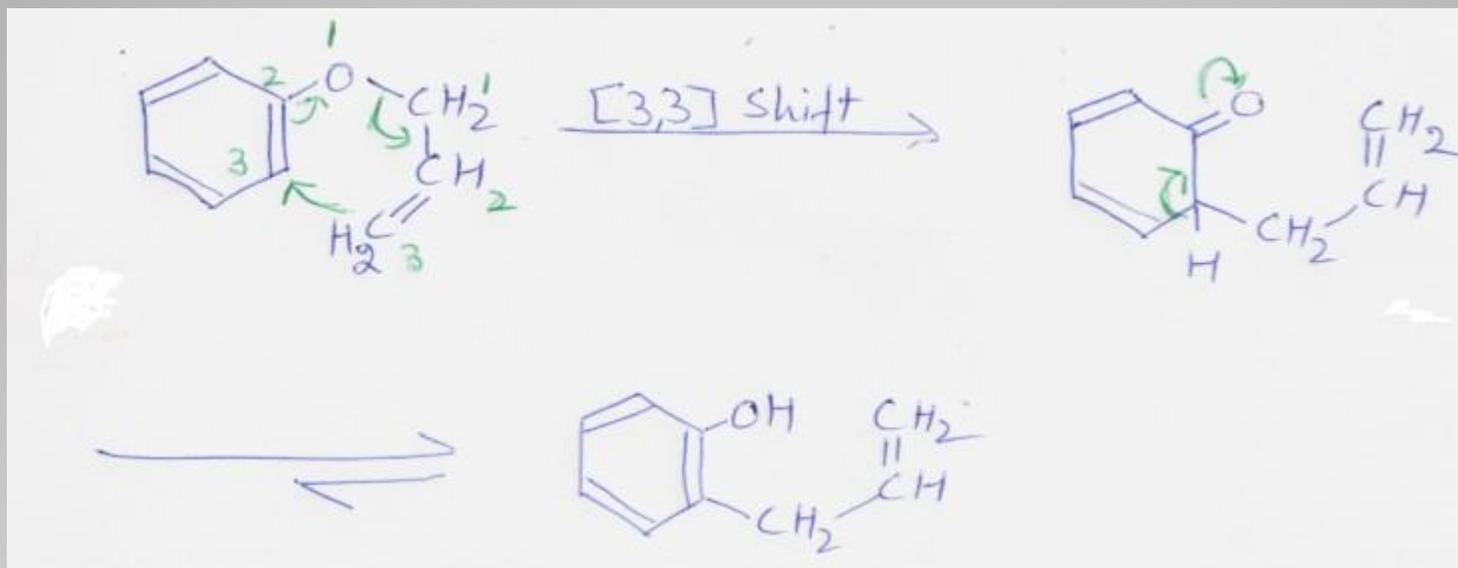
Like [1,3] shifts these are photochemical shifts by suprafacial mode of overlap. It occurs mainly in bicyclic compounds.

[3,3]shifts

Cope and Claisen rearrangements are important named reactions in this category:



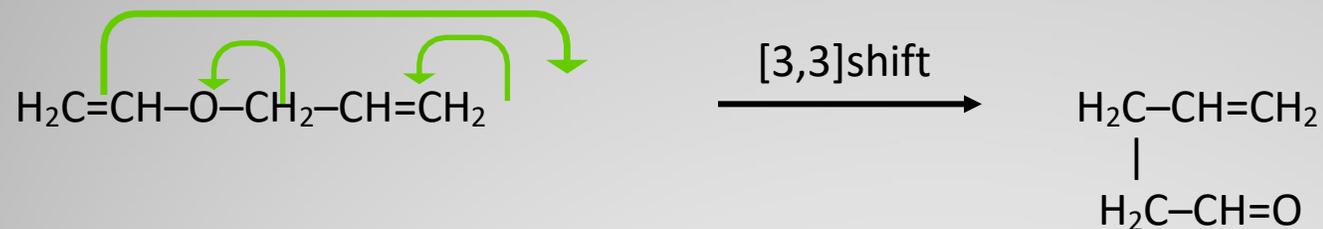
Cope Rearrangement



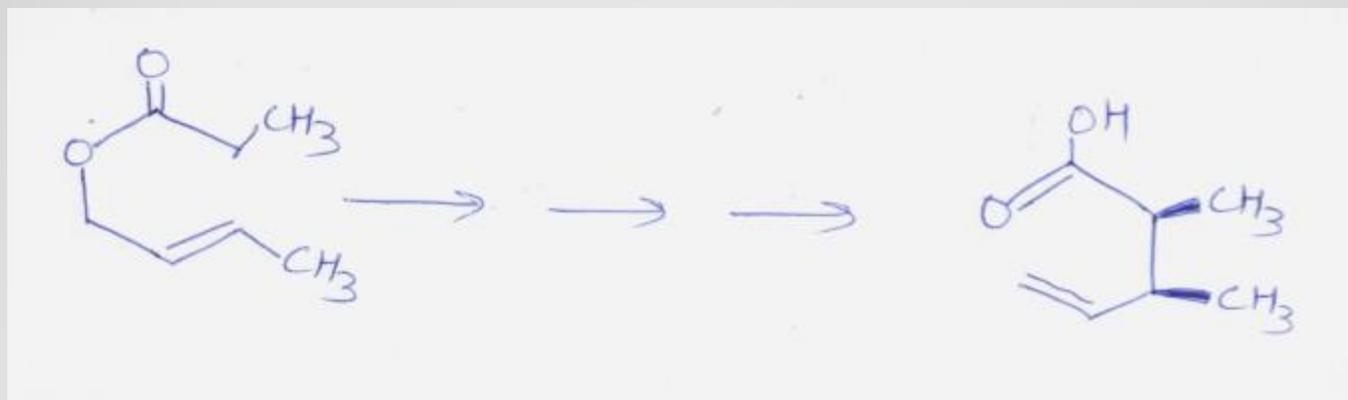
Claisen Rearrangement

This is called a [3,3] shift because the new sigma bond has a 3,3 relationship to the old sigma bond. This is the reaction of 1,5 dienes. A chair like six membered transition state is formed which has six partially delocalized electrons. [3,3] sigmatropic shifts are stereospecific reactions.

Other examples of [3,3] shifts are Aliphatic Claisen or Claisen-Cope rearrangement, Fischer – Indole synthesis, Carroll rearrangement, Ireland – Claisen rearrangement etc.



Claisen– CopeRearrangement



Ireland–ClaisenRearrangement

[5,5]shifts

It occurs in ten electron systems. The [5,5] – Sigmatropic rearrangement of 2,4-pentadienylphenylethers is homologous to Claisen rearrangement :

